## **EXAMINABLE AREAS FOR BSC NUTRITION**

# **COMMUNITY HEALTH (NUTRITION) PRACTICE**

## **CASE MANAGEMENT**

- a. Knowledge and Skills to be acquired
- 1. Interviewing Techniques
- 2. History Taking
- 3. Conduct physical examination of clients
- 4. Report writing under supervision
- 5. Referral
- 6. Counselling
- 7. Ward rounds and review of cases

# b. Cases to be managed

- 1. Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)
- 2. Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
- 3. Eating Disorders
- 4. Diabetes mellitus
- 5. Coronary Heart Diseases
- 6. Obesity
- 7. Hypertension
- 8. Peptic ulcers
- 9. Gout
- 10. Liver diseases
- 11. HIV and AIDS
- 12. Kidney diseases
- 13. Gastrointestinal tract disorders
- 14. Diarrhoea
- 15. Constipation
- 16. Patients suffering from severe injuries (burns) and prolonged sickness.

## **DISEASE SURVEILLANCE**

- A. Disease Surveillance activities and determination of Health Facility Indicators
- 1. Identify appropriate data collection and reporting tools
- 2. Fill nutrition and child health Forms appropriately

- 3. Validate data collected.
- 4. Organize nutrition data
- 5. Enter data into appropriate storage facility (DHIMS)
- 6. Analyse and monitor trends of nutrition indicators
- 7. Interpret the various health facility indicators related to nutrition
- 8. Determine the various health facility indicators related to nutrition
- 10. Bulletins summarizing data reported by health facilities to the district
- 11. Share and disseminate the report with the supervisor

### NUTRITION SURVEILLANCE

## a. Growth monitoring and promotion

- 1. Weighing children under 5 years
- 2. Measure lengths and heights of children under 5 years
- 3. Plot and chart growth graph of children under 5yrs
- 4. Appropriate classification of children weighed or measured according to their respective nutrition statuses (normal, moderate, and Severe).
- 5. Interprets growth curve of children under 5yrs to mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers according to children's growth curve using 3A's
- 7. Proper documentation of information in the Maternal and Child Health Record Books (MCHRB)

## Prevention and management of nutritional deficiencies

- 1. Perform Clinical Assessment of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)
- 2. Diagnose SAM
- 3. Manage SAM
- 4. Prepare F-75, F-100, or Rehydration Solution for Malnutrition (ReSoMal) using the available protocols or guidelines to manage SAM
- 5. Provide Dietary / Nutritional counselling for caregivers using 3As or nutrition care process

- 6. Advise clients on complementary feeding
- 7. Educates clients on prevention of Micro-nutrient Deficiency
- 8. Counsel pregnant, lactating mothers and the aged on proper nutrition

## NUTRITION REHABILITATION

- 1. Management of severe acute Malnutrition (SAM)
- 2. Management of moderate acute Malnutrition (MAM)
- 3. Manage cases of severe micro-nutrients deficiencies

## INTERPRETATION OF INVESTIGATIONS

- 1. Laboratory Investigations
- 2. Clinical Assessments
- 3. Dietary Assessments
- 4. Anthropometric Assessments

## NUTRITIONAL SURVEY /DATA QUALITY MANAGEMENT

## NUTRITIONAL SURVEY AND DATA QUALITY MANAGEMENT

- 1. Plan and conduct nutritional survey
- 2. Analyze nutritional survey data
- 3. Interpret nutritional survey report
- 4. Write nutritional survey report.
- 5. share and disseminate findings
- 6. Conduct data validation
- 7. Provide data feedback to facilities
- 8. prepare data validation report and share with the supervisor

## **DIETETICS**

## **DIET THERAPY**

- 1. Conduct self professionally in a variety of clinical settings
- 2. Communicate appropriately with colleagues, clinical supervisors, and other members of the health team.

- 3. Take accurate anthropometric measurements
- 4. Carry out comprehensive dietary assessment of patients.
- 5. Read and take proper records of information from patient's folder
- 6. Acquire practical knowledge in the management and prevention of disease conditions
- 7. Acquire experience in the various specialisations in the dietetic profession.
- 8. Acquaint self with the nutrition care process skills (assessment, diagnosis, intervention, and monitoring & evaluation)
- 9. Prepare diet plan for inpatients and outpatient
- 10. Acquire the practical skills in the preparation of special diets

### **FAMILY HEALTH**

- 1. Educate pregnant women on personal, food and environmental hygiene
- 2. Provide health education focused on healthy nutrition/folic acid requirements, exercise, risk reduction, signs and symptoms of pre-term labour and/or other pregnancy complications that require immediate attention.
- 3. Educate mothers on behaviours that may affect the health of the child
- 4. Educate mothers on importance of rest, exercise, safe delivery, exclusive breastfeeding, postnatal care, warning signs in pregnancy and labour
- 5. Counsel clients on the dangers of unsafe sex.
- 6. Remind women about the next visit and refer any adverse condition to appropriate level

### FAMILY PLANNING AND SEXUAL HEALTH

- 1. Offer non-coercive, confidential family planning advice
- 2. Educate breastfeeding mothers on dual protection
- 3. Promote exclusive breastfeeding to 6 months as a method of contraception (with condoms)
- 4. Encourage men to be involved in family planning
- 5. Educate clients on STIs encourage them to seek health care early

## CHILD HEALTH (POSTNATAL CARE)

1. Educate mothers on exclusive breastfeeding

- 2. Educate mothers on timely initiation of complementary feeding
- 3. Educate mothers on correct positioning and attachment during breastfeeding
- 4. Check for malnutrition and anaemia in mother and child.

#### SCHOOL HEALTH

- 1. Screen children to identify those with health problems
- 2. Educate children to adopt healthy lifestyles
- 3. Discuss with teachers the health problems of the children
- 4. Educate school authorities on environmental hygiene
- 5. Give education on sanitary facilities, safe and adequate water for drinking and hand washing with soap
- 6. Advice authorities on the importance of recreational activities
- 7. Educate school children and on four-star diet and worm infestation
- 8. Refer children with health problems to seek health care

#### ADOLESCENT HEALTH

- 1. Provide sexual and reproductive health services to adolescent
- 2. Offer non-judgmental information and counselling about sexuality to adolescents
- 3. Give education on the prevention of early pregnancy
- 4. Give appropriate advice to help make pregnancy as safe in young people
- 5. Advice adolescents on the correct use of condom
- 6. Participate in adolescent health corner activities
- 7. Provide nutrition services to adolescents (GIFTS)

### HEALTH SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT

- 1. Attend District/Sub district Health Management Team Durbar & community planning meetings.
- 2. Understand the District Health Information Management System
- 3. Plan and implement clinical supervisory visits to the periphery (SDHMT, Health Centre, CHPS)
- 4. Reporting on clinical supervisory visits to supervisor or appropriate level

- 5. Compile and write monthly, quarterly, and half year reports on nutrition activities
- 6. Support Transport, procurement estate, finance supply divisions carry out their functions
- 7. Acquaint self on the conduction of performance Appraisal of subordinates.
- 8. Presentations
- 9. Seminars
- 10. Tutorial
- 11. Workshops